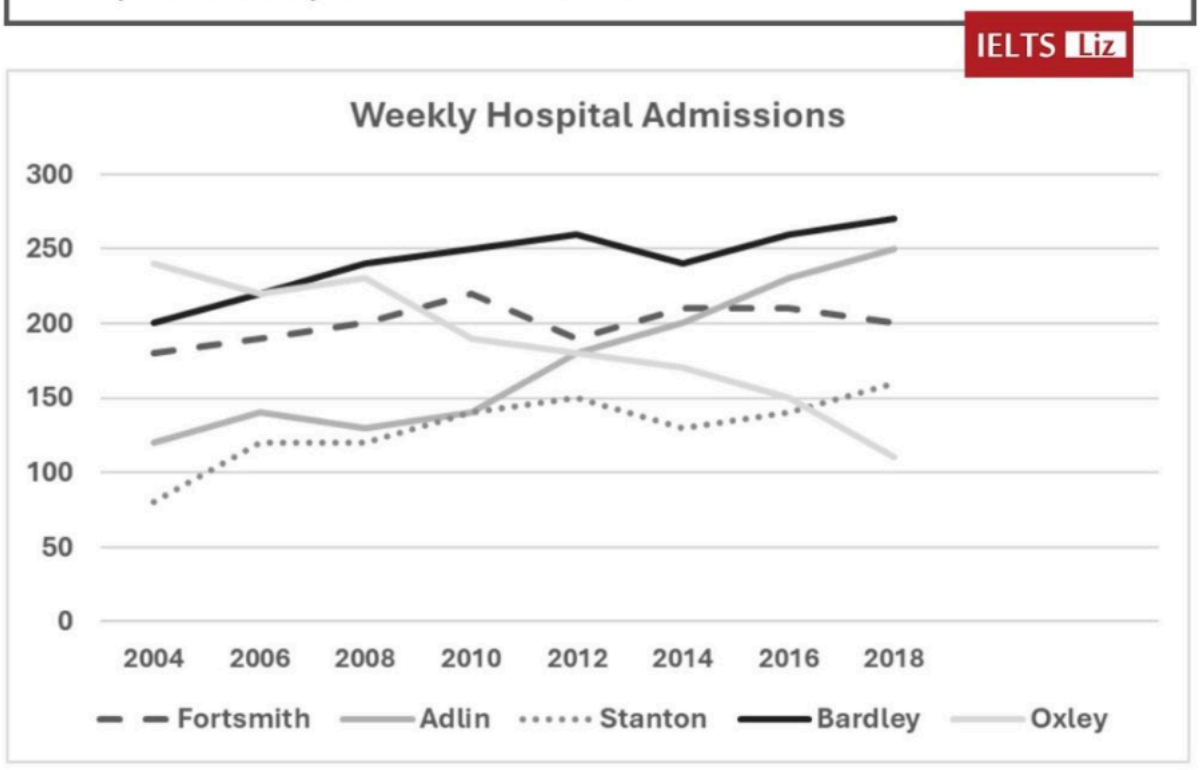
Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features and make comparisons where relevant.

The graph below shows the hospital admissions for five hospitals in a European country from 2004 to 2018.



The line graph illustrates how many people were admitted to five European hospitals (Fortsmith, Adlin, Stanton, Bardley, and Oxley) every two years between 2004 and 2018.

Overall, with the exception of Oxley Hospital, the weekly intakes of all hospitals increased over the 14-year period. By the end of 2018, Adlin showed the most significant increase in weekly patient intake, whereas Oxley experienced the largest decrease. Moreover, Oxley transitioned from having the highest weekly admission rates at the beginning to the lowest at the end of the period.

Although Bardley started the period with the second highest number of weekly admissions, it became the hospital with the largest number of weekly admissions, going from 200 in 2004 to over 250 in 2018. While both Adlin and Stanton underwent significant growth in admission rates over the period, Adlin increased by roughly 125 admissions (going from 120 to 250), which was nearly double that of Stanton, whose admissions only grew by around 75 over the period.

By contrast, the weekly admission rate of Oxley Hospital was the only one experiencing a downward trend, starting from just under 250 in 2004 to just over 100 by the end of 2018. Moreover, the figure for Fortsmith remained relatively stable, starting from around 175 in 2004, peaking at approximately 220 in 2010, before dropping to under 200 in 2012, where it then remained mostly unchanged until 2018.

Band score: 8.0
Word count: 231 words